

Class Notes
21 avril 2021

Asking about the past:

Tu as passé un bon week-end?	Did you have a good weekend?
Oui, très chouette.	Yes, great.
Oui, excellent.	Yes, excellent.
Oui très bon.	Yes, very good.
Ça a été.	It was okay.
Pas mauvais.	Not bad.
Non, très mauvais.	Very bad.
C'était épouvantable.	It was horrible.

Passé composé avec <<avoir>>

- * Most verbs use <<avoir>> as the helping verb in the past; a few use <<être>>.
- * To form, use the present tense of avoir followed by the past participle of the verb.
 - * Used for events that happened and are done.
 - * Usually translates into the most basic past: "I did"
J'ai fait mes devoirs. = I did my homework.
Il a promené le chien. = He walked the dog.

*In the negative, the <<ne...pas>> surrounds avoir:
Tu n'as pas rangé ta chambre? = You did not clean your room?

Participes passés

- * -er verbs form the past participle by replacing -er with -é
étudier = étudié
regarder = regardé

- * some verbs have irregular past participles

faire = fait
prendre = pris
voir = vu
lire = lu
avoir = eu