



# Faisons connaissance!

## ■ PREMIERE ETAPÉ

When you meet people, you'll want to greet them, ask their names, and talk about how you're feeling. To ask someone's age and give yours, you'll want to know some numbers.

### COMMENT DIT-ON... ?

Greetings and telling how you feel

*Pupil's Edition, pp. 22–23*

- 1 Circle the expression in each list that doesn't belong because of its meaning.

- |                   |                     |               |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. Au revoir.     | 3. A bientôt.       | 5. Très bien. |
| A tout à l'heure. | Bof.                | Pas terrible. |
| Bonjour.          | Tchao.              | Salut.        |
| 2. Tchao.         | 4. Pas mal.         | 6. Super!     |
| Pas mal.          | Super!              | Pas mal.      |
| Au revoir.        | Comme ci, comme ça. | Tchao.        |

### VOCABULAIRE Numbers 0–20 *Pupil's Edition, p. 9*

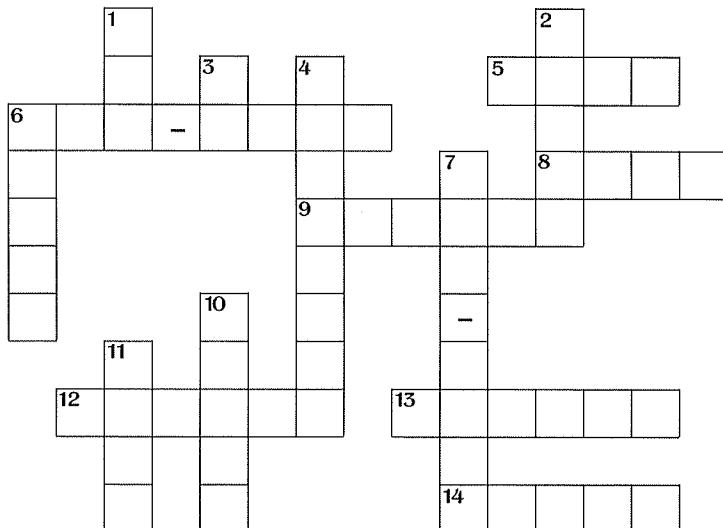
- 2 Solve the math problems below and fill in the puzzle with your answers.

#### HORIZONTALEMENT

5. Quinze moins (*minus*) six font (*equals*)...
6. Douze et (*plus*) sept font...
8. Dix moins dix font...
9. Dix-huit moins cinq font...
12. Onze et quatre font...
13. Treize moins neuf font...
14. Un et deux font...

#### VERTICIALEMENT

1. Deux et quatre font...
2. Six et dix font...
3. Huit moins sept font...
4. Neuf et cinq font...
6. Onze et un font...
7. Treize et cinq font...
10. Quinze et cinq font...
11. Vingt moins douze font...



**3** Write the number that would come next in each of these series.

1. dix, douze, quatorze, \_\_\_\_\_
2. neuf, douze, quinze, \_\_\_\_\_
3. zéro, cinq, dix, \_\_\_\_\_
4. dix-huit, seize, quatorze, \_\_\_\_\_
5. sept, huit, dix, treize, \_\_\_\_\_
6. seize, quinze, treize, \_\_\_\_\_

## COMMENT DIT-ON... ?

Giving your name *Pupil's Edition, pp. 24–25*  
and age

**4** Francine is getting to know her new classmates. Match her questions with the responses her classmates give.

- |                                  |                         |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| _____ 1. Comment ça va?          | a. Je m'appelle Magali. |
| _____ 2. Tu t'appelles comment?  | b. Comme ci, comme ça.  |
| _____ 3. Elle s'appelle comment? | c. Paul.                |
| _____ 4. Il s'appelle comment?   | d. A demain.            |
| _____ 5. Tu as quel âge?         | e. Julie.               |
|                                  | f. Quatorze ans.        |

**5** Jérôme and Luc are talking before class. Unscramble their conversation by numbering the lines in the correct order.

- |  |
|--|
| _____ — Comme ci, comme ça. Et toi, ça va? |
| _____ — Ça va?                             |
| _____ — Bonjour. Je m'appelle Jérôme.      |
| _____ — Très bien, merci.                  |
| _____ — Et moi, je m'appelle Luc.          |
| _____ — Bonjour.                           |

**6** Paméla and Frédéric are introducing themselves on the first day of class. Complete their conversation.

- |   |
|---|
| — Salut. (1) _____ m'appelle Paméla. Et toi? Tu t'appelles (2) _____? |
| — Je (3) _____ Frédéric.  |
| — Tu as (4) _____ âge?  |
| — (5) _____ seize ans. Et (6) _____?                                  |
| — J'ai quinze (7) _____.  |

## ■ DEUXIÈME ÉTAPE

To express likes, dislikes, and preferences, you'll need to be able to name some things you like and don't like. You'll also need to know how to make a sentence negative and how to use definite articles.

 Note de **G**rammaire Using *ne... pas* *Pupil's Edition, p. 26*

-  To make a verb like *aimer* negative, put *ne (n')... pas* around the verb.
-  *J'aime la pizza.* → *Je n'aime pas la pizza.*
-  *Tu aimes le chocolat?* → *Tu n'aimes pas le chocolat?*
-  *Je préfère les escargots.* → *Je ne préfère pas les escargots.*
-  *Ne* becomes *n'* before a word that begins with a vowel sound.

- 7 Your teacher made a list of what your classmates like and dislike. However, she was mistaken about several students. Correct her statements by making each sentence negative.

EXAMPLE Isabelle aime la plage. Non, Isabelle n'aime pas la plage.

1. Sabine aime les magasins. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Henri adore le français. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Didier aime les concerts. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Sylvain adore les vacances. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Raymond aime le cinéma. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Francine préfère le ski. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Paul aime le football. \_\_\_\_\_

- 8 François is very hard to please and doesn't like anything! Tell how he would answer these questions, using *ne (n')... pas* in your responses.

EXAMPLE Tu aimes la pizza? Non, je n'aime pas la pizza.

1. Tu aimes l'anglais? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Tu aimes le sport? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Tu aimes le chocolat? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Tu aimes les hamburgers? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Tu aimes la télévision? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Tu aimes les maths? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Tu aimes les examens? \_\_\_\_\_

**VOCABULAIRE**

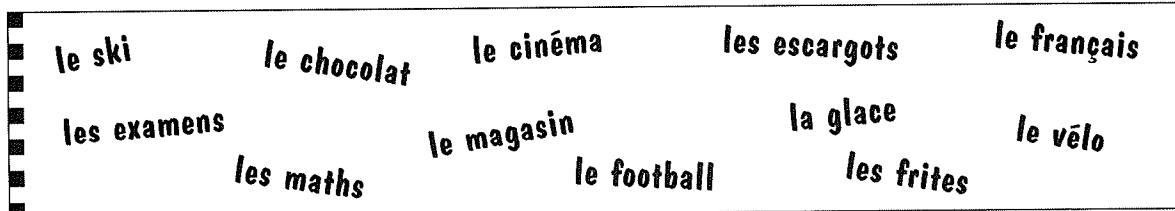
Likes and dislikes Pupil's Edition, p. 27

**9** Draw a line to match each item on the left with its equivalent on the right.

- |                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| 1. le vélo       | beach        |
| 2. la plage      | movie        |
| 3. le magasin    | vacation     |
| 4. la glace      | ice cream    |
| 5. les escargots | biking       |
| 6. l'ami         | French fries |
|                  | snails       |
|                  | friend       |
|                  | store        |

**10** Choose the item that best completes each of these sentences from the box below.

- Paul aime beaucoup les fast-foods. Il aime les frites, la pizza et \_\_\_\_\_.
- Caroline aime l'école. Elle aime bien l'anglais, mais elle préfère \_\_\_\_\_.
- Joseph déteste le sport. Il n'aime pas \_\_\_\_\_ !

**11** Write the words below in the appropriate categories.

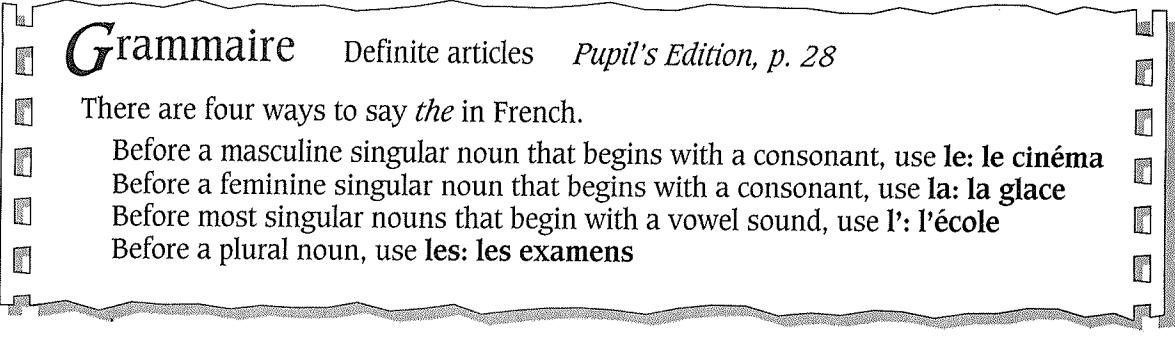
SPORTS

FOOD

SCHOOL

PLACES

_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____



## Grammaire Definite articles *Pupil's Edition, p. 28*

There are four ways to say *the* in French.

Before a masculine singular noun that begins with a consonant, use **le**: **le cinéma**

Before a feminine singular noun that begins with a consonant, use **la**: **la glace**

Before most singular nouns that begin with a vowel sound, use **l'**: **l'école**

Before a plural noun, use **les**: **les examens**

### 12 Fill in the blanks with the correct definite article.

- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 1. _____ ski   | 5. _____ escargots |
| 2. _____ vélo  | 6. _____ chocolat  |
| 3. _____ pizza | 7. _____ vacances  |
| 4. _____ école | 8. _____ glace     |

### 13 Aurélie and her friend Sébastien are talking about their likes and dislikes. Complete their conversation with the correct definite articles.

AURELIE Salut, Sébastien! Dis, tu aimes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ football?

SEBASTIEN Non, j'aime mieux (2) \_\_\_\_\_ vélo. Et toi, tu aimes (3) \_\_\_\_\_ sport?

AURELIE Oui, beaucoup. J'aime aussi (4) \_\_\_\_\_ école. J'aime bien (5) \_\_\_\_\_ maths, mais je préfère (6) \_\_\_\_\_ français.

SEBASTIEN Moi aussi, j'aime (7) \_\_\_\_\_ école, mais je n'aime pas (8) \_\_\_\_\_ examens. Par contre, j'adore (9) \_\_\_\_\_ vacances!

AURELIE Moi aussi. Tu aimes (10) \_\_\_\_\_ plage?

SEBASTIEN Bien sûr!

### 14 Complete these statements by telling what items you like and dislike in each category.

1. (*food*) J'aime \_\_\_\_\_  
mais je n'aime pas \_\_\_\_\_.
2. (*sports*) J'aime \_\_\_\_\_  
mais je n'aime pas \_\_\_\_\_.
3. (*school*) J'aime \_\_\_\_\_  
mais je n'aime pas \_\_\_\_\_.
4. (*activities*) J'aime \_\_\_\_\_  
mais je n'aime pas \_\_\_\_\_.